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CHAPTER 8 – FIRE REGULATIONS

Article 1 – Fire Department

SECTION 8-101: AGREEMENT WITH RURAL FIRE DISTRICT

The Village of Big Springs has entered into an agreement with the Rural Fire Protection District for fire protection within the village. The rules and regulations of the Rural Fire Protection District shall be incorporated by reference as the rules and regulations of the village for the purposes of fire protection. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §35-501)

SECTION 8-201: PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

Any official of the Fire Department shall have the power during the time of a fire to cause the removal of any private or public property whenever it shall become necessary to do so for the preservation of such property from fire, to prevent the spreading of fire, or to protect adjoining property. The said officials may direct the firemen to remove any building, structure, or fence for the purpose of checking the progress of any fire.

SECTION 8-202: TRAFFIC

The driver of any vehicle other than one on official business shall not follow any fire apparatus traveling in response to a fire alarm closer than 500 feet or drive into or park such vehicle within the block where fire apparatus have stopped in answer to a fire alarm. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §60-6,183)

SECTION 8-203: PEDESTRIANS

It shall be unlawful for any pedestrian to enter or remain in any street after a fire alarm has sounded until the fire trucks have completely passed. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-908)

SECTION 8-204: DRIVING OVER HOSE

It shall be unlawful for any person, without the consent of the fire chief or assistant fire chief, to drive any vehicle over unprotected hose of the Fire Department. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §60-6,184)

SECTION 8-205: FALSE ALARM

It shall be unlawful for any person to raise any false alarm of fire intentionally and without good and reasonable cause. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§28-907, 35-520)

SECTION 8-206: INTERFERENCE

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hinder or obstruct the fire chief or the members of the Fire Department in the performance of their duties. A person commits the offense of interfering with a fireman if at any time and place where any fireman is discharging or attempting to discharge any official duties he or she willfully:

A. Resists or interferes with the lawful efforts of any fireman in the discharge or attempt to discharge an official duty;

B. Disobeys the lawful orders given by any fireman while performing his or her duties;

C. Engages in any disorderly conduct which delays or prevents a fire from being extinguished within a reasonable time; or

D. Forbids or prevents others from assisting or extinguishing a fire or exhorts another person, as to whom he or she has no legal right or obligation to protect or control, not to assist in extinguishing a fire. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-908)

Article 3 – Fire Prevention

SECTION 8-301: FIRE CODE

All of the provisions of the most recent edition of the Fire Code, as published by the National Fire Protection Association and recommended by the American Insurance Association, are hereby adopted by reference as part of this chapter. If requested, the village clerk shall provide a source for obtaining a copy of the said code. In the event that any of the provisions of said code are in conflict with any of the provisions of the municipal code, the provisions of the municipal code shall prevail. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§18-132, 19-902, 19-922, 81-502)

SECTION 8-302: LIFE SAFETY CODE

Incorporated by reference into this municipal code are the standards recommended by the National Fire Protection Association known as the Life Safety Code, 2018 edition and all subsequent amendments. This code shall have the same force and effect as if set out verbatim herein. If requested, the village clerk shall provide a source for obtaining a copy of the said code. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§18-132, 19-902, 81-502)

SECTION 8-303: CODE ENFORCEMENT

It shall be the duty of all village officials to enforce the incorporated fire code provisions as provided in Sections 8-301 and 8-302, and all infractions shall be immediately brought to the attention of the rural fire chief.

SECTION 8-304: OPEN BURNING BAN; WAIVER; PERMIT

A. There shall be a statewide open burning ban on all bonfires, outdoor rubbish fires, and fires for the purpose of clearing land.

B. The rural fire chief may waive an open burning ban under subsection (A) of this section for an area under the Fire Department's jurisdiction by issuing an open burning permit to a person requesting permission to conduct open burning. Said person shall make application on a form provided by the state fire marshal. The permit shall be signed by the fire chief. He or she may adopt standards listing the conditions acceptable for issuing a permit to conduct open burning under this section.

C. The rural fire chief may waive an open burning ban under the local Fire Department's jurisdiction when conditions are acceptable to the chief. Anyone intending to burn in such jurisdiction when the open burning ban has been waived shall notify the fire chief beforehand of his or her intention to burn.

D. The Fire Department may set and charge a fee not exceeding \$10.00 for each such permit issued. Such fees shall be remitted to the Village Board for inclusion in the general funds allocated to the Fire Department. Such funds shall not reduce the tax requirements for the Fire Department. No such fee shall be collected from any state or political subdivision to which such a permit is issued to conduct open burning under subsection (B) of this section in the course of such state's or political subdivision's official duties.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §81-520.01)

SECTION 8-305: OUTDOOR FIRE PITS AND FIREPLACES

A. The following definitions shall apply in this section:

1. "Outdoor fireplaces" shall include fire pits, portable fire pits, and chimineas. These residential outdoor fireplaces use wood as a fuel and are used for containing recreational fires located at a private residence for the purpose of outdoor cooking and personal enjoyment. Outdoor fireplaces do not include barbeque grills that use propane or charcoal as a fuel and are used primarily for outdoor cooking.

- 2. "Portable fire pits" are defined as being commercially designed and intended to confine and control outdoor wood fires.
- 3. "Chimineas" are defined as outdoor patio fireplaces, usually made from clay, intended to confine and control outdoor wood fires.
- 4. "Fire pits" are usually constructed of steel, concrete and/or stone, and constructed above ground with a heavy steel screen cover.
- B. All outdoor fireplaces shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. *Clearances*. A minimum ten-foot clearance shall be maintained between the outdoor fireplace and combustible structure or materials such as walls, roofs, fences, decks, wood piles, and other combustible material.
 - 2. *Construction*. Outdoor fireplaces shall be constructed of concrete or approved non-combustible materials. Not permitted are drums, barrels, half-barrels, or similarly constructed devices.
 - 3. Size. The fuel area for a fire pit shall not be larger than 3 feet in diameter and not more than 3 feet in height.
 - 4. *Location*. An outdoor fireplace shall be placed on a stable non-combustible surface such as a concrete pad and only at grade level and shall not be located on a combustible balcony or deck nor under any combustible balcony or any overhanging portion of a structure.
 - 5. *Type of Materials Being Burnt*. Materials allowed by this section shall be limited to untreated wood or approved fireplace starter logs. Petroleum products, rubbish, grass, leaves, cardboard, plastics, rubber, or any material that may flow out of the containment or cause excessive heat, smoke, or offensive smell shall not be permitted.
 - 6. Amount of Materials Being Burnt. Users must (a) limit the amount of material being burnt to ensure the flames are confined inside the fuel area of the outdoor fireplace and the flames do not extend above the pit or into the chimney and (b) follow the manufacturer's recommendation on the maximum amount of fuel to be used at one time with the spark guard in place.
 - 7. Supervision. Every outdoor fireplace shall be under constant supervision by at least one responsible person age 18 or older from the ignition of the fire until the fire is completely extinguished and embers are cooled so as to prohibit the fire from rekindling.
 - 8. *Provisions for Protection*. A garden hose connected to a water supply or other approved fire extinguishing equipment shall be readily available for use.
 - 9. *Weather Conditions*. Outdoor fireplaces shall not be operated when weather conditions are extremely dry.

- 10. *Hazard*. Outdoor fireplaces shall be completely extinguished and/or not be operated when breezes or winds are blowing which will cause smoke, embers, or other burning materials to be carried toward any building or other combustible materials. The fire chief or an authorized representative shall have the authority to require that use of the outdoor fireplace be immediately discontinued if such use is determined to constitute a hazardous condition to occupants of surrounding property.
- 11. *Nuisance to Neighbors*. Smoke from any outdoor fireplace shall not create a nuisance for neighboring property owners. The fire shall be extinguished immediately upon the complaint of any neighboring property owner of any smoke nuisance.
- 12. *Maintenance*. The owner is responsible to ensure proper maintenance and care is accomplished in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. At a minimum, the outdoor fireplace will be checked regularly for the appearance of cracks and other physical deterioration or loose parts.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §§17-549, 17-556, 81-520.01)

SECTION 8-306: INSPECTIONS; VIOLATION NOTICE

A. It shall be the duty of the rural fire chief, when directed to do so by the Village Board, to inspect or cause to be inspected by a Fire Department officer, member, or some other official as often as may be necessary all buildings, premises, and public thoroughfares, except the interiors of private dwellings, for the purpose of ascertaining and causing to be corrected any conditions liable to create a fire hazard. It shall be the duty of the owner, lessee, or occupant of any building or structure, except the interiors of private dwellings, to allow the fire inspector to inspect the structure for purposes of ascertaining and enumerating all conditions therein that are likely to cause fire or any other violations of the provisions of the village ordinances affecting the hazard of fire.

B. The inspection shall be of the storage, sale, and use of flammable liquids, combustibles, and explosives; electric wiring and heating; and the means and adequacy of exits in case of fire in schools, churches, hotels, halls, theaters, factories, hospitals, and all other buildings in which numbers of persons congregate from time to time for any purpose, whether publicly or privately owned; the design, construction, location, installation, and operation of equipment for storing, handling, and utilizing of liquefied petroleum gases, specifying the odorization of said gases and the degree thereof; and chemicals, prozylin plastics, nitrocellulose films, or any other hazardous material that may now or hereafter exist.

C. It shall be the duty of the owner, lessee, or occupant of any building or structure that was lawfully inspected as herein prescribed and who receives written or verbal notice of a violation of any of the provisions of the village ordinances to correct such condition within five days from the receipt of such notice. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §81-512)

SECTION 8-307: FIRE ON PAVEMENT; COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS

It shall be unlawful for any person to burn any material on any concrete or asphalt pavement or to scatter any combustible material of any kind on the streets, alleys or public grounds of the village.

SECTION 8-308: STOVES, FURNACES AND CHIMNEYS

All furnaces, stoves and other heating devices shall be installed at a proper distance from combustible materials and portions of the building. Any combustible materials or portions

of the building that are dangerously close to such heating devices shall be protected by noncombustible material. This section shall apply both to existing structures and those which may hereafter be erected.

Article 4 – Hazardous Materials

SECTION 8-401: EXPLOSIVES; STORAGE; REGISTRATION

A. Any person, firm, or corporation storing or keeping dynamite, gunpowder, nitroglycerine, or other high explosives within the village for any period of time shall register such information with the village clerk 24 hours prior to being brought into the village. The clerk shall forward such information to the fire chief and to the Village Board. Transfer of explosives to another individual within the village shall require the recipient to register the transfer and the new location of the explosives with the clerk. Also, moving explosives to a new location by the owner shall require registration of that fact to the clerk.

B. Any high explosives including dynamite, gunpowder, and nitroglycerine shall be stored in a proper receptacle which shall be closed at all times except when actually in use. Such concrete, metal, or stone receptacle shall not be located in any room where there is a flame or flammable materials. The area surrounding the storage facility shall be kept clear of rubbish, brush, dry grass, or trees for not less than 25 feet in all directions. Any other combustible materials shall be kept a distance of not less than 50 feet from outdoor storage facilities.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §§17-549, 17-556, 28-1213, 28-1229, 28-1233)

SECTION 8-402: EXPLOSIVES; BULLETS

Cartridges, shells, and percussion caps shall be kept in their original containers away from flame, flammable materials, and high explosives.

SECTION 8-403: EXPLOSIVES; BLASTING PERMITS

Any person wishing to discharge high explosives within the village must secure a permit from the Village Board and shall discharge such explosives in conformance with its direction and under its supervision. In no case shall any person perform blasting operations unless operating under the direct supervision of a person in possession of a valid user's permit issued by the Nebraska State Patrol. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§17-556, 28-1229)

SECTION 8-404: POISONOUS OR FLAMMABLE GASES

Any person, firm, or corporation desiring to store or keep in the village any form of poisonous or flammable gas or liquefied petroleum gas in excess of 100 gallons or to add to, enlarge, or replace any facility used for the storage of such gases must first get a permit from the Village Board, which shall require the name of the gas, the place of storage, and the amount of gas stored. If permission is granted, the board shall prescribe such rules, regulations, and precautionary actions as it may deem necessary. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-549)

Article 5 – Fireworks

SECTION 8-501: REGULATION OF USE, SALE, POSSESSION OF FIREWORKS

The use, sale, offer for sale, and possession of permissible fireworks in the village as defined by Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-1241 shall be governed and regulated by Neb. Rev. Stat.

§§28-1241 to 28-1252, including any and all amendments thereto, together with any rules and regulations adopted by the state fire marshal for the enforcement of said sections.

Article 6 – Penal Provision

SECTION 8-601: VIOLATION; PENALTY

Any person who shall violate or refuse to comply with the enforcement of any of the provisions of this chapter, set forth at full length herein or incorporated by reference, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$500.00 for each offense. A new violation shall be deemed to have been committed every 24 hours of such failure to comply.